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From Tuesday June 26. to Saturday June 30. 1722.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 28th of *June*, 1722.

His Majeſty in Council was this Day pleaſed to order, that the Parliament which ſtands prorogued to Tueſday the 3d of July next, ſhould be further prorogued to Thurſday the 2d Day of Auguſt next. And alſo that the Convocations of Canterbury and York be further prorogued from the 29th of this inſtant June, to Friday the 31ſt of the ſaid Month of Auguſt.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Electing a Peer of Scotland to ſit in Parliament in the Room of John Earl of Rothes deceaſed.

GEORGE R.

Whereas by the Advice of our Privy-Council we did ſummon a Parliament of Great Britain to meet and be held at Weſtminſter the Tenth Day of May laſt paſt; and whereas we prorogued the ſaid Parliament to the Third Day of July next; And whereas by the Advice of our Privy-Council we have thought fit to order that the ſaid Parliament be further prorogued to the Second Day of Auguſt next enſuing; And whereas John Earl of Rothes was duly elected, and returned to be one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, to ſit in the Houſe of Peers in the ſaid Parliament, and is ſince his Election and Return deceaſed: In order to the Electing another Peer of Scotland to ſit in his Room, we do, by the Advice of our Privy Council iſſue forth this our Royal Proclamation, ſtrictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to aſſemble and meet at Holy Rood Houſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the Fifteenth Day of Auguſt next enſuing, between the Hours of Twelve and Two in the Afternoon, to Nominate and Chuſe another Peer of Scotland, to Sit and Vote in the Houſe of Peers of the ſaid Parliament of Great Britain, in the Room of the ſaid John Earl of Rothes deceaſed, by open Election and Plurality of Voices of the Peers that ſhall be then preſent and the Proxies for ſuch as ſhall be abſent, ſuch Proxies being Peers, and producing a Mandate in Writing, duly ſigned before Witneſſes, and both the Conſtituent and Proxy being qualified according to Law. And the Lord Clerk Regiſter, or ſuch two of the Principal Clerks of the Seſſion, as ſhall be appointed by him to officiate in his Name, are hereby reſpectively required to attend ſuch Meeting, and to adminiſter the Oaths required by Law to be taken there by the ſaid Peers, and to take their Votes, and immediately after ſuch Election made, and duly examined, to certifie the Name of the Peer ſo Elected, and Sign and Atteſt the ſame in the Preſence of the ſaid Peers, and return ſuch Certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And we ſtrictly Charge and Command, That this Our Royal Proclamation may be Publiſhed at Our Market Croſs at Edinburgh, and in all the County Towns of Scotland, Twenty five Days at leaſt before the Time hereby appointed for the Meeting of the ſaid Peers, to proceed to ſuch Election.

Given at our Court at *Kenſington*, the Twenty Eighth Day of *June*, 1722. In the Eighth Year of our Reign.

God ſave the KING.

Whitehall, June 29.

An humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, and Gentlemen of the County of Brecon, has been preſented to His Majeſty by John Hanbury, Eſq; Knight of the Shire for the County of Monmouth, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, Clergy, and Principal Inhabitants of the Borough of St. Albans in the County of Hertford, has been preſented to His Majeſty by William Clayton and William Gore, Eſqs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Carteret, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Jurats, Freemen, and Inhabitants of the Town and Port of Rye in Suſſex, has been preſented to His

His Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Aylmer and Philip Gibbon, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addreſſes His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Conſtantinople, May 12. The Diſorders that have lately broke out in Perſia, are now come to ſuch a Head, that they endanger the Subverſion of that Empire: For, beſides the proſperous Succeſs of that Rebel who ſacked Schamachia, there is another Inſurrection headed by the Imam or Prince of Maſcar, who is ſaid to have made himſelf Maſter of ſeveral of the Southern Provinces, and to be marching towards Bendar Abaſſi or Gumroom, the chief trading City on the Bay of Ormus; a third, and the moſt dangerous Inſurrection, is headed by one Mirveiz, otherwiſe called the Prince of Candahar, becauſe his Father, who was Governour of that Province, which is on the Frontiers of the Mogul's Country, made himſelf Sovereign of it, and was ſucceeded in it by this his Son; who, not contenting himſelf with that Principality, marched laſt Year to the City of Cherman, famous for the fineſt Manufacture of Perſian Silks, and not only ſubdued, but alſo plundered that City and the whole Province. Incouraged by this Succeſs, he has lately marched, with extreme Difficulty, to Iſpahan the Capital City, and had like to have ſurprized the King there, who had but juſt time to ſave himſelf in a neighbouring Caſtle, where it is thought he cannot hold out a Week, if he continue there, though ſome Advices ſay he is fled from thence with a Retinue of 200 Perſons. This Prince of Candahar having thus made himſelf Maſter of Iſpahan, not only plundered all the Perſians there of the Sect of Hali, but, as the Advices ſay, has raiſed Contributions upon the Frank Merchants, under Pretence of a Loan to pay his Troops with, and with a Promiſe of repaying them as ſoon as he is able. He is a Muſſulman of the Sect of Mahomet, as all theſe Rebels are, in Oppoſition to the Perſians who are generally Followers of Hali, and deemed Hereticks by the others. He declares every where, as he goes, that he does not pretend to the Crown, but only to bring the King over to the true Religion, and that whenever his Prince will renounce his Hereſy, and embrace the true Mahometan Faith, he will lay down his Arms and pay due Obedience to him. This Pretence has been ſo ſucceſsful to him, that People flock to him from all Parts of the Kingdom. Theſe Advices the Port received a few Days ago from their Paſhas of Erzeroom and Babylon on the Confines of Perſia, who repreſented at the ſame time the Eaſe with which the Grand Signior might make himſelf Maſter of ſeveral of the Provinces of that Kingdom, in this time of ſo general a Confuſion; upon which the Grand Signior aſſembled a general Council, according to the uſual Practice whenever a Reſolution about Peace or War is to be taken, wherein theſe Advices were offered to their Conſideration, and Propoſals were made by ſome of the Paſhas for taking Advantage of this favourable Conjuncture, to conquer ſome of the Perſian Provinces and put a Stop to the Succeſs of the Rebels, though they were of the Mahometan Sect; and this ſeemed to be the prevailing Opinion, till the Grand Vizier ſpoke, who told them the Grand Signior judged it was neither juſt nor honourable to take Advantage of the Difficulties the King of Perſia his good Friend was under, whoſe Kingdom had not yet recovered itſelf of the Blow given it by his Great Grandfather Sultan Selim, but that he thought a conſiderable Number of Troops and warlike Stores of all ſorts ſhould be ſent to thoſe Confines, and Orders given to the ſeveral Paſhas to take under their Protection and treat kindly ſuch of the Perſian Provinces as ſhould have Recourſe to them for it; and that if the King himſelf ſhould fly to them for Refuge, they ſhould receive him with all due Honour as the Grand Signior's Gueſt; That if he ſhould be ſo ſucceſsful as to get the better of the Rebels and reaſcend his Throne, all his Provinces which might have Recourſe to the Protection of the Port, ſhould then be reſtored to him, as was formerly practiced in a like Caſe, in relation to the Provinces of Schirvan, Iran, Ghilan, and the great City of Tauris; and that the Paſhas ſhould be very attentive to the Motions of theſe Rebels, and regularly inform this Court of what paſſed. Agreeably to the Vizier's Speech, the great Council took its Reſolution.

Turin, June 27, *N. S.* Count Preyſing Envoy from the Elector of Bavaria, arrived here ſome Days ago, and having had Audience of the King of Sardinia, thanked his Majeſty for acquainting the Elector with the Prince of Piedmont's Marriage, and notified the Concluſion of one between the Electoral Prince of Bavaria and an Archdutcheſs, at the ſame time informing this Court that another Prince of that Houſe was elected Coadjutor to the Eccleſiaſtical Electorate of Cologne. On the 24th the ſaid Count Preyſing having taken an Audience of Leave, ſet out to return to Munich, having received a handſome Preſent from his Sardinian Majeſty. The 23d Inſtant being the Eve of the Feſtival of St. John, their Sardinian Majeſties, with the Prince and Princeſs of Piedmont, came from the Venaria to Madame Royale's Palace here, before which was erected the annual Bonfire, but this Year for the Princeſs's Entertainment it was improved to a fine Firework. Madame Royale gave the Court a Collation, and about 11 a-Clock the ſame Night their Majeſties

Majeſties went back to the Veneria. We have an Account from Genoa, that the Carmelite Fryars had obtained Leave to build a Chapel over againſt the Seminary of the Jeſuits there; but the latter apprehending the Ground to be within their Limits, after warning the Carmelites not to proceed, laſt Week aſſembled their Scholars, and by Force of Arms, with Muskets Grenadoes, &c. drove away the Workmen and demoliſhed the Building.

Paris, July 4. The Chevaliers Lorenzo Thiepoli and Nicolo Foſcarini, Procurators of St. Mark, Ambaſſadours Extraordinary of the Republick of Venice, to compliment his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty on his Acceſſion to the Throne, are expected here this Evening. The following Extract of the Advices received by the Court relating to the Plague, has been communicated to the foreign Miniſters.

The Duke de Roquelaure in his Letter of the 19th of June, writes, that ſince his laſt none had died or fallen ſick of the Plague in the Places which had been infected. The 16th and 18th Alais continued in a good State of Health, and the Diſtemper was looked upon to be quite extinguiſhed. They had only ſome ill of common Fevers there. M. de Bernage in his of the 19th of June ſays, a Child that had fallen ſick at Mende had only the ſmall Pox, and that there remained not one ſick of the Plague throughout Languedoc. The Preparations for the general Quarantain, which was to begin the 1ſt of July, were almoſt intirely ready for the Dioceſes of Alais, Uſez and Viviers. He hoped that all would be ready likewiſe in the Gevaudan. He was going to ſend Orders to the ſound Places of the Country incloſed within the firſt Lines, and which are between the Lines of the Orbe and Tournon, for all Stuffs and other Merchandizes to be aired for 20 Days. The Biſhop of Alais in his of the 16th of June writes, that the Communication with the Suburbs was opened, and that the Houſes which have ſo long been Objects of Terrour are more healthful now than when they were built. The little Infirmary, which is at a quarter of a League's Diſtance from the Town, was not cleared, though it had been well perfumed; but ſome Servants were left in it, to be ready to give their Aſſiſtance in caſe the Contagion be not intirely ceaſed, and any ſhould happen to fall ſick.

Provence. M. le Bret in his of the 17th of June writes, that on the 13th 73 remained ſick in the Hoſpital called la Charité at Marſeilles. The 14th five died and three fell ſick. The 15th one died, one ſick was put a-ſhore from a Tartan, and two ſick were brought in from the Territory. M. de Grand Maiſon who commands in Fort St. John at Marſeilles, in his of the 16th of June gives the ſame Account, and adds, that all the Troops which for above a Month have kept within the Citadels, are in perfect Health. M. Launay writes the 17th of June, that the Village of Bouiſſet had in two Days but one Perſon taken ill. At the Baſtide of Buſtrel four had fallen ſick, of whom one died. M. d'Eſcragnolles Provoſt General at Aix, in his of the 17th of June, ſays the Baſtide of Buſtrel was ſo well blocked up, that it was to be hoped the Diſtemper would not ſpread further. Aix is in perfect Health. The Marqueſs de Brancas in his of the 17th of June, confirms the Advices above from Bouiſſet and Marſeilles. M. d'Argenſon Brigadier, in his of the 16th of June, aſſures us the Blockade of Bouiſſet is ſo well formed, that no ill Conſequences are to be feared: There remained 10 ſick in the Infirmaries. In the Baſtide of Buſtrel were but 12 Perſons, of whom three were dead, two very ill, and the reſt in Health. The neighbouring Village was in good Health.

The Comtat, and the Principality of Orange. The Marqueſs de Villefranche writes the 10th of June, that Carpentras had been under an ill Report, but affirms it was in a good State of Health. The Baron de l'Iſle Roy writes from Barrangues near St. Eſprit the 16th of June, that the ſudden Death on the 5th of June of three Perſons at Carpentras, had given a great Alarm; but it was certain thoſe Accidents had not been attended by ill Conſequences. M. de Launay in his of the 17th of June ſends Advices from Avignon, importing, that the Communication on the Feſtival of Corpus Chriſti had occaſioned the falling ſick of ſeveral Perſons of the Chapter, of thoſe belonging to the Town-Houſe, and of others of good Families. There were 100 ſick in the Lazaretto, and ſeven or eight a Day fell ill. M. de Belrieu writes the 21ſt of June, that Orange with its Territory grew better, but Avignon was ſtill in a very bad State. Some were carried off now and then ſtill at Vedens and at Monteux in the Comtat.

Whitehall, June 30.

On the 26th Inſtant arrived from Holland the Right Honourable the Lord Whitworth, His Majeſty's Ambaſſadour Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary for the Congreſs at Cambray. His Excellency will in a few Days proceed to Cambray, taking his Way by Paris.

Whitehall, April 16, 1722.

This is to ſignify in His Majeſty's Name, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall hereafter apprehend any one or more Highwaymen, who from and after the Date hereof ſhall have robbed any of the Mails, or ſhall have been concerned as Accomplices in the robbing of any of them, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall have a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender, who ſhall be convicted thereof, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Poſt-Office, over and above the Reward directed by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Perſon hereafter concerned in robbing any of the Mails ſhall make a Diſcovery of the ſame, ſo that his Accompliſs

plice or Accomplices ſhall be convicted thereof, ſuch Perſon ſhall have His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon, and alſo receive the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender ſo convicted, to be paid as aforeſaid.

CARTERET.

June 29, 1722.

The Court of Directors of the Governour and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That Books for Subſcription for the Sale of Bank Stock will be opened at the Bank, on Wedneſday the 4th of July next, at Nine in the Morning; and that the ſaid Books will continue open till Friday following in the Evening, when the ſame will be cloſed, and after that Time no Money will be taken in.

Truſtees-Office, South-Sea Houſe, June 29, 1722.

Notice is hereby given, that the Houſhold Goods and other Part of the Perſonal Eſtate late of Charles Joye, Eſq; (late Deputy-Governour of the South-Sea Company) in London and Southwark; and the Houſhold Goods and other Part of the Perſonal Eſtate late of Robert Cheſter, Eſq; (one of the late Directors of the ſaid Company,) at Briggins, in Hertfordſhire, and in Crutched-Friers, London, will be expoſed to Sale by Cant or Auction, in the Hall of the South-Sea Houſe, on Friday the 6th Day of July next, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon. Printed Catalogues may be had at the ſaid Office, and at the Places aforeſaid, and the Goods viewed on Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Thurſday before the Sale.

Truſtees Office South-Sea-Houſe, June 29, 1722.

Notice is hereby given, That three thirty two Parts of the Ship Mary, late belonging to Sir John Fellowes, Bart. (late Sub-Governour of the South-Sea Company,) and one ſixteenth Part of the Reſolution Galley, late belonging to Mr. Robert Surman (late Deputy-Caſhier of the ſaid Company) will be expoſed to Sale by Cant or Auction, in the Hall of the South-Sea-Houſe, on Friday the 6th Day of July next, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon. Printed Catalogues whereof may be had at the Truſtees Office aforeſaid.

A General Court of the Muſcovia Company will be held at Cloathworkers-Hall in Mincing-Lane, on Thurſday the 5th Day of July next, at Four a-Clock in the Afternoon, for the Choice of a Governour, in the Room of Sir Benjamin Ayloffe, Bart. deceaſed.

York-Buildings-Houſe, Wincheſter-ſtreet, June 28, 1722.

The Governour and Company of Undertakers for Raiſing the Thames-Water in York-Buildings hereby give Notice, That they will begin to pay their Dividend on Monday and Friday the 2d and 6th of July next, and every Monday and Friday after, from Ten in the Morning to One. And that they will begin to pay their Annuities due at Midſummer laſt upon Thurſday the 12th of July next, and will continue to pay the ſame every Tueſday and Thurſday from Ten in the Morning to One. And that Attendance will be given on Wedneſdays from Ten in the Morning to One, to deliver out Annuity Bonds in Exchange for Prize Tickets in their laſt Lottery. All Perſons concerned, are deſired to come at the Days and Hours abovementioned, that ſo they may not be diſappointed.

London Aſſurance-Office, June 29, 1722.

The Court of Directors give Notice to ſuch of their Proprietors who have not yet paid the Call of Three Pounds per Share, that unleſs they pay the ſame, with Intereſt, on or before the 12th of July next, they will incur the Penalties in the Act of Parliament for eſtabliſhing the Corporation.

The Committee for Letting the City's Lands in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London give Notice, That they intend to Lett either by one Leaſe, or in Parcels as the ſame is hereafter mentioned, the ſeveral Premiſſes following, viz.

1ſt, Four Meſſuages or Tenements in Rope-maker's-Alley, in the ſeveral Poſſeſſions of Barnaby Theuman, Mary Johnſon, Thomas Darby, and William Adams.

2d, A large Houſe and Garden in Rope-maker's-Alley, in the Poſſeſſion of Mathew Lee, and another Houſe adjoining thereto in Finisbury-Yard, and a ſmall Stable oppoſite to the ſaid laſt mentioned Houſe.

3d, A Houſe in Finisbury Yard aforeſaid, known by the Sign of the Red Lion, and 22 Stalls for Horſes there, and a Vault under the ſaid Houſe and Stalls, in the Poſſeſſion of John Patience.

4th, A Houſe in Finisbury Yard aforeſaid, known by the Sign of the Crown and Cuſhion, and 22 Stalls for Horſes there, and a Vault under the ſaid Houſe and Stalls, in the Poſſeſſion of Matthias Cater.

5th, A Coach-Houſe and four Stalls for Horſes, and a Meſſuage adjoining thereto, and 14 Stalls for Horſes in Finisbury-Yard aforeſaid, in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid John Patience.

6th, A Houſe in Finisbury-Yard aforeſaid, and 20 Stalls for Horſes there, in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Norris; and a Houſe and Blackſmith's Shop there, in the Poſſeſſion of William Halſey.

7th, A Houſe in White-Horſe-Yard in Finisbury aforeſaid, known by the Sign of the White Horſe, and 24 Stalls for Horſes there, in the Poſſeſſion of George Fenton.

8th, A Houſe and 23 Stalls for Horſes in the ſaid Yard called White-Horſe-Yard, in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Waterſon.

9th, One large Houſe and Garden behind the ſame in Finisbury aforeſaid, and adjoining to White-Horſe-Yard aforeſaid, in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Willmott.

And that the ſaid Committee will ſit in the Council-Chamber of the Guildhall, London, on Wedneſday the 11th of July next, at Four in the Afternoon, to receive Propoſals for the ſame either together or in Parcels as aforeſaid; of which more particular Information may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforeſaid.

Advertiſements.

TO be ſold before Richard Godfrey, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the High Court of Chancery, purſuant to a Decree of the ſaid Court, the Manner of Pelynt, in the County of Cornwall (of the preſent yearly Value of 44 l. 9 s. 2 d. and after the Reverſion of ſeveral Lives in being, of the yearly Value of 584 l. 18 s.) for the Term of 500 Years. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Chancery-Lane.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Knatchbull, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, an Eſtate at Abington, near Burn Bridge, in Cambridgeſhire, late of John Bennet, Eſq; deceaſed: Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

A Capital Meſſuage or Manſion Houſe called the New Houſe, with the Freehold Lands and Hereditaments thereto belonging, ſituate in the Parishes of Marden, and Amberly, in the County of Hereford, of the yearly Value of 105 l. or thereabouts, late the Eſtate of Mrs. Meſſine Adams, to be ſold to the beſt Bidder, by Vertue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Henry Edwards, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court: Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's-Inn.

WHereas two South-Sea Bonds, one dated June 5, 1721, and numbered 2776, and the other dated June 9, 1721, and numbered 7931, for 100 l. each, which belong to Mrs. Charlott Perſhall as Aſſignee of a Commiſſion of Bankrupt againſt Spencer Garraro, of Weſtminſter, Bookſeller, are loſt or concealed: Theſe are to give Notice, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall diſcover the ſaid two Bonds, or either of them, ſo as the ſame ſhall be recovered, ſhall receive of the ſaid Mrs. Perſhall after the Rate of Twelve per Cent. for what ſhall be ſo recovered. Note, The ſaid two Bonds are ſtopt at the South-Sea-Houſe.

THE ancient and well ſituated Horſe-Fair of Weſt Stockwith, in the County of Nottingham, will begin there on the 1ſt of Auguſt next, to continue till the 24th of the ſame Month; where all Gentlemen, Jockies, and others, will find good Entertainment for Man and Horſe.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded againſt Boyes Dwer, of Stratford, in the County of Eſſex, Fellmonger, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the 4th, 13th and 30th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the ſecond of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees. And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but to give Notice to Mr. John Webes, Attorney, in Ironmonger-Lane, London.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Schooling, of St. Catherine's, in the County of Middleſex, Vintner, intend to meet on the 24th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend: And the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, are required to come then and there prepared to account with the Commiſſioners for what they have received of the ſaid Eſtate.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Nathaniel Pearce and John Mathew, late of London, Goldſmiths and Bankers and Partners, intend to meet on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupts Joint Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Joint Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas James Carrick, late of Bromeſgrove, in the County of Worceſter, Chapman, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded, having ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice that the Commiſſioners intend to meet on the 26th of July next, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Nicholas Hormblow, known by the Sign of the Crown in Bromeſgrove aforeſaid, to finiſh his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees, (in regard a competent Number have not yet appeared) and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas William Brookman, of King-ſtreet, London, Joyner, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and to object, of they think fit, againſt the Commiſſioners making his Certificate in order for his Diſcharge.

WHereas Benjamin Grave, of the Hamlet of Spittle-Fields, in the County of Middleſex, ſilk Thrower, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and to object, if they think fit, againſt the Commiſſioners making his Certificate in order for his Diſcharge.

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